

$$\varepsilon = \frac{u(x+dx) - u(x)}{dx} = \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$\sigma = E \varepsilon$$

$$\Delta L = u(L) - u_0 = \frac{NL}{EA}$$

$$\bar{y}_N = \frac{\sum (EA)_i \bar{y}_i}{\sum (EA)_i}$$

$$\bar{z}_N = \frac{\sum (EA)_i \bar{z}_i}{\sum (EA)_i}$$

$$\frac{dQ}{dx} = -q(x)$$

$$\frac{dM_t}{dx} = Q(x)$$

$$\frac{d^2 M_t}{dx^2} = -q(x)$$

$$N = \iint \sigma_x dA \quad M_{tz} = \iint y \sigma_x dA \quad M_{ty} = \iint z \sigma dA$$

$$\sigma_x = \frac{y I_y - z I_{yz}}{I_y I_z - I_{yz}^2} M_{tz} + \frac{z I_z - y I_{yz}}{I_y I_z - I_{yz}^2} M_{ty}$$

$$I_y = \iint_A z^2 dA$$

$$I_z = \iint_A y^2 dA$$

$$I_{yz} = \iint_A yz dA$$

$$\widehat{EI}_z v_{,xx} = -M_{tz}$$

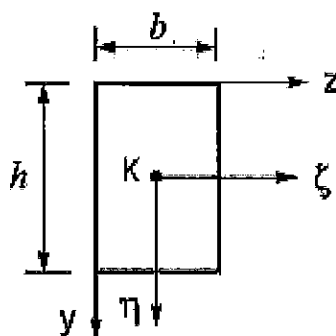
$$\widehat{EI}_z = \iint_A y^2 E(y,z) dA$$

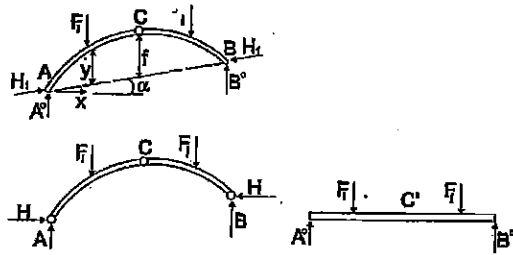
$$\sigma_x(y,z) = E(y,z) \frac{M_{tz}}{\widehat{EI}_z} y$$

$$\sigma_x(y,z) = E(y,z) \frac{N}{EA}$$

$$I_\zeta = \frac{1}{12} b h^3$$

$$I_\eta = \frac{1}{12} b^3 h$$





Kaaren raskussuureet:

$$\begin{cases} M(x) = M^0(x) - H_1 \cdot y \cdot \cos \alpha \\ Q(x) = Q^0(x) \cdot \cos \varphi - H_1 \cdot \sin(\varphi - \alpha) \\ N(x) = -Q^0(x) \cdot \sin \varphi - H_1 \cdot \cos(\varphi - \alpha) \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} M(x) = M^0(x) - H \cdot y \\ Q(x) = Q^0(x) \cdot \cos \varphi - H_1 \cdot \sin(\varphi - \alpha) \\ N(x) = -Q^0(x) \cdot \sin \varphi - H_1 \cdot \cos(\varphi - \alpha) \end{cases}$$

Jos kulma α on nolla eli tuet A ja B ovat samalla tasolla saadaan:

$$H = H_1 = M_c^0 / f \quad A = A^0 \quad \text{ja} \quad B = B^0$$

$$\begin{cases} M(x) = M^0(x) - H \cdot y \\ Q(x) = Q_0(x) \cdot \cos \varphi - H \cdot \sin \varphi \\ N(x) = -Q^0(x) \cdot \sin \varphi - H \cdot \cos \varphi \end{cases}$$

Muista kuitenkin, että aina pärjää väpaakappale-
kuvilla ja tasapainoehdoilla.

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = \frac{q(x)}{H}$$

$$W = \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{u} = F_x u + F_y v + F_z w$$

$$y(x) = \frac{q_0}{2H} x^2$$

$$\delta W = \mathbf{F} \cdot \delta \mathbf{u}$$

$$\delta W_q = \int_0^L \mathbf{q} \cdot \delta \mathbf{u} \, dx = \int_0^L (q_x \delta u + q_y \delta v) \, dx$$

$$\delta W_{\text{sk}} + \delta W_{\text{st}} = 0, \forall \delta v$$

$$\widehat{EI}_y = \sum_{i=1}^n E_i (J_{y_i} + \bar{z}_i^2 A_i)$$

$$\widehat{EI}_{yz} = \sum_{i=1}^n E_i (J_{y_i z_i} + \bar{y}_i \bar{z}_i A_i)$$

$$\widehat{EI}_z = \sum_{i=1}^n E_i (J_{z_i} + \bar{y}_i^2 A_i)$$

$$\sigma_x(y, z) = E_i \frac{N}{EA} + E_i \frac{\widehat{EI}_y M_{tz} - \widehat{EI}_{yz} M_{ty}}{\widehat{EI}_y \widehat{EI}_z - \widehat{EI}_{yz}^2} y_i + E_i \frac{\widehat{EI}_z M_{ty} - \widehat{EI}_{yz} M_{tz}}{\widehat{EI}_y \widehat{EI}_z - \widehat{EI}_{yz}^2} z_i$$

$$\widehat{EA} = \sum_{i=1}^n E_i A_i$$

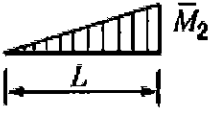


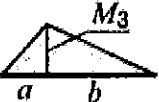


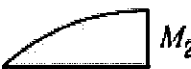




$$\Delta L \approx \alpha \Delta T$$

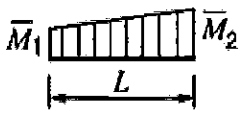

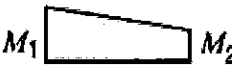




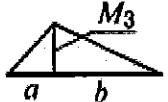
Taulukko 7.1

$\int_b^a M \bar{M} ds$

\bar{M} -pinta M-pinta	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	$s \cdot y \cdot \bar{y}$	$\frac{1}{2} s \cdot y \cdot \bar{y}_2$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot s \cdot y \cdot \bar{y}_3$	$\frac{1}{2} s y (\bar{y}_1 + \bar{y}_2)$
(2)	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot s \cdot y_2 \cdot \bar{y}$	$\frac{1}{3} s \cdot y_2 \cdot \bar{y}_2$	$\frac{1}{6} (s+n) y_2 \bar{y}_3$	$\frac{1}{6} s y_2 \cdot (\bar{y}_1 + 2\bar{y}_2)$
(3)	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot s \cdot y_1 \cdot \bar{y}$	$\frac{1}{6} \cdot s \cdot y_1 \cdot \bar{y}_2$	$\frac{1}{6} (s+m) y_1 \bar{y}_3$	$\frac{1}{6} \cdot s \cdot y_1 \cdot (2\bar{y}_1 + \bar{y}_2)$
(4)	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot s \cdot y_3 \cdot \bar{y}$	$\frac{1}{6} (s+n) y_3 \bar{y}_2$	$\frac{1}{3} \cdot s \cdot y_3 \cdot \bar{y}_3$	$\frac{1}{6} s \cdot [(s+m) \bar{y}_1 + (s+n) \bar{y}_2]$
(5)	$\frac{s}{2} (y_1 + y_2) \bar{y}$	$\frac{s}{6} (y_1 + 2y_2) \bar{y}_2$	$\frac{\bar{y}_3}{6} [(s+m) y_1 + (s+n) y_2]$	$\frac{s}{6} [y_1 (2\bar{y}_1 + \bar{y}_2) + y_2 (\bar{y}_1 + 2\bar{y}_2)]$
(6)	$\frac{2}{3} \cdot s \cdot y_3 \cdot \bar{y}$	$\frac{1}{3} s y_3 \bar{y}_2$	$\frac{y_3 \bar{y}_3}{3s} (s^2 + nm)$	$\frac{s y_3}{3} (\bar{y}_1 + \bar{y}_2)$
(7)	$\frac{2}{3} \cdot s \cdot y_2 \cdot \bar{y}$	$\frac{5}{12} \cdot s \cdot y_2 \cdot \bar{y}_2$	$\frac{y_2 \bar{y}_3}{12 \cdot s} \cdot (5s^2 - ms - m^2)$	$\frac{s y_2}{12} (3\bar{y}_1 + 5\bar{y}_2)$
(8)	$\frac{2}{3} \cdot s \cdot y_1 \cdot \bar{y}$	$\frac{1}{6} \cdot s \cdot y_1 \cdot \bar{y}_2$	$\frac{y_1 \bar{y}_3}{12 \cdot s} \cdot (5s^2 - ns - n^2)$	$\frac{s y_1}{12} (5\bar{y}_1 + 3\bar{y}_2)$
(9)	$\frac{1}{3} \cdot s \cdot y_2 \cdot \bar{y}$	$\frac{1}{4} \cdot s \cdot y_2 \cdot \bar{y}_2$	$\frac{y_2 \bar{y}_3}{12s} \cdot (s^2 + ns + n^2)$	$\frac{s y_2}{12} (\bar{y}_1 + 3\bar{y}_2)$
(10)	$\frac{1}{3} \cdot s \cdot y_1 \cdot \bar{y}$	$\frac{1}{12} \cdot s \cdot y_1 \cdot \bar{y}_2$	$\frac{y_1 \bar{y}_3}{12 \cdot s} \cdot (s^2 + ms + m^2)$	$\frac{s y_1}{12} \cdot (3\bar{y}_1 + \bar{y}_2)$
(11) $\int \bar{M}^2 ds$	$s \cdot \bar{y}^2$	$\frac{1}{3} \cdot s \cdot \bar{y}_2^2$	$\frac{1}{3} \cdot s \cdot \bar{y}_3^2$	$\frac{1}{3} s (\bar{y}_1^2 + \bar{y}_1 \bar{y}_2 + \bar{y}_2^2)$

Taulukko 1 MOHRin integraalitaulukot

		$\int_0^L \bar{M} M dx$
1		$\frac{1}{3} L \bar{M}_2 M_2$
2		$\frac{1}{6} L \bar{M}_2 M_1$
3		A
4		$\frac{1}{6} L \bar{M}_2 (M_1 + 2M_2)$
5		$\frac{1}{2} L \bar{M}_2 M_1$
6		$\frac{5}{12} L \bar{M}_2 M_2$
7		$\frac{1}{4} L \bar{M}_2 M_1$
8		$\frac{1}{4} L \bar{M}_2 M_2$
9		$\frac{1}{12} L \bar{M}_2 M_1$
10		$\frac{1}{3} L \bar{M}_2 M_3$

		$\int_0^L \bar{M} M dx$
1		$\frac{1}{2} L (\bar{M}_1 + \bar{M}_2) M_1$
2		B
3		C
4		D
5		E
6		$\frac{1}{3} L (\bar{M}_1 + \bar{M}_2) M_3$
7		F
		$A = \frac{1}{6} L \bar{M}_2 M_3 (1 + a/L)$ $B = \frac{1}{6} L [\bar{M}_1 (2M_1 + M_2) + \bar{M}_2 (M_1 + 2M_2)]$ $C = \frac{1}{3} L (M_1^2 + M_1 M_2 + M_2^2), M = \bar{M}$ $D = \frac{1}{12} L (3\bar{M}_1 + 5\bar{M}_2) M_2$ $E = \frac{1}{12} L (\bar{M}_1 + 3\bar{M}_2) M_2$ $F = \frac{1}{6} [\bar{M}_1 (a + 2b) + \bar{M}_2 (2a + b)] M_3$

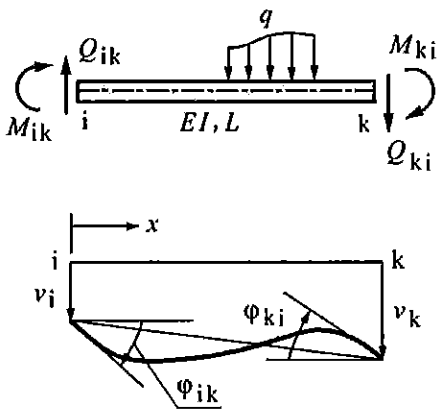
5.2.2 Joustokertoimien menetelmä

$$\{\hat{u}\} = [a]\{X\} + \{u_0\}$$

$$a_{ij} = \int_s \frac{\bar{M}_{ti} \bar{M}_{tj}}{EI} ds$$

$$u_{i0} = \int_s \frac{M_{t0} \bar{M}_{ti}}{EI} ds$$

5.3 Momentti-siirtymämenetelmä



$$\varphi_{ik} = \alpha_{ik} M_{ik} - \beta_{ik} M_{ki} + (v_k - v_i)/L + \bar{\alpha}_{ik}$$

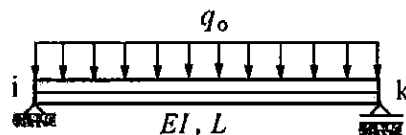
$$\varphi_{ki} = -\beta_{ki} M_{ik} + \alpha_{ki} M_{ki} + (v_k - v_i)/L + \bar{\alpha}_{ki}$$

$$Q_{ik} = -(M_{ik} + M_{ki})/L + \bar{Q}_{ik}$$

$$Q_{ki} = -(M_{ik} + M_{ki})/L + \bar{Q}_{ki}$$

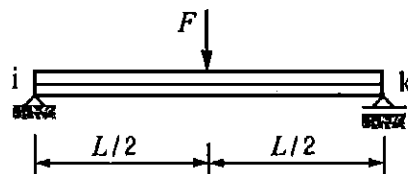
$$\alpha_{ik} = \alpha_{ki} = \frac{L}{3EI}$$

$$\beta_{ik} = \beta_{ki} = \frac{L}{6EI}$$



(a)

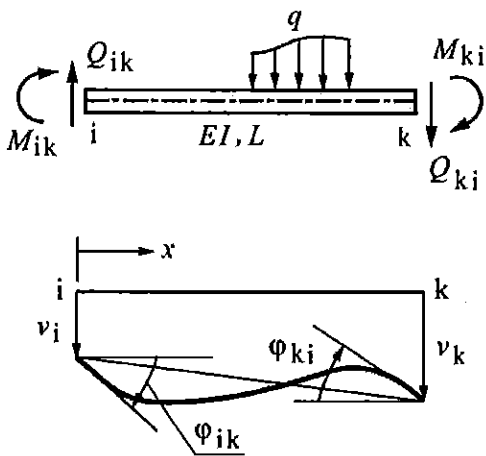
$$\bar{\alpha}_{ik} = -\bar{\alpha}_{ki} = \frac{q_0 L^3}{24EI}$$



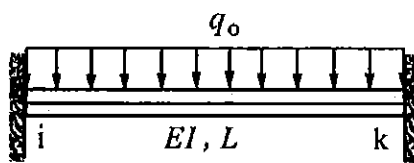
(b)

$$\bar{\alpha}_{ik} = -\bar{\alpha}_{ki} = \frac{FL^2}{16EI}$$

5.4 Siirtymämenetelmä

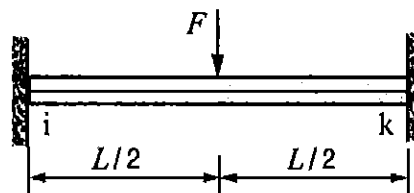


$M_{ik} = a_{ik} \varphi_{ik} + b_{ik} \varphi_{ki} - c_{ik} (v_k - v_i) + \bar{M}_{ik}$ $M_{ki} = b_{ki} \varphi_{ik} + a_{ki} \varphi_{ki} - c_{ki} (v_k - v_i) + \bar{M}_{ki}$	
$Q_{ik} = -c_{ik} (\varphi_{ik} + \varphi_{ki}) + d_{ik} (v_k - v_i) + \bar{Q}_{ik}$ $Q_{ki} = -c_{ki} (\varphi_{ik} + \varphi_{ki}) + d_{ki} (v_k - v_i) + \bar{Q}_{ki}$	
$a_{ik} = a_{ki} = 4EI/L$	$b_{ik} = b_{ki} = 2EI/L$
$c_{ik} = c_{ki} = 6EI/L^2$	$d_{ik} = d_{ki} = 12EI/L^3$



$$\bar{M}_{ik} = -\bar{M}_{ki} = -\frac{q_0 L^2}{12}$$

$$\bar{Q}_{ik} = -\bar{Q}_{ki} = \frac{q_0 L}{2}$$



$$\bar{M}_{ik} = -\bar{M}_{ki} = -\frac{FL}{8}$$

$$\bar{Q}_{ik} = -\bar{Q}_{ki} = \frac{F}{2}$$

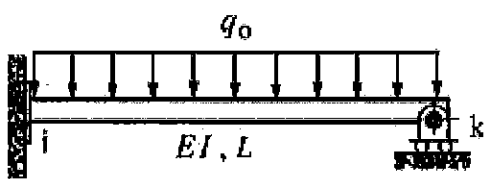
(b)

5.4.3 Toisesta päästä nivelkiinnitetty palkki



Kuva 1 Jatkuva palkki

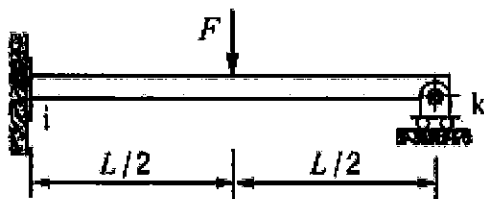
$M_{ik} = a_{ik}^0 \varphi_{ik} - c_{ik}^0 (v_k - v_i) + \bar{M}_{ik}^0$	
$Q_{ik} = -c_{ik}^0 \varphi_{ik} + d_{ik}^0 (v_k - v_i) + \bar{Q}_{ik}^0$	
$Q_{ki} = -c_{ki}^0 \varphi_{ki} + d_{ki}^0 (v_k - v_i) + \bar{Q}_{ki}^0$	
$a_{ik}^0 = 3EI/L$	$c_{ik}^0 = c_{ki}^0 = 3EI/L^2$
$d_{ik}^0 = d_{ki}^0 = 3EI/L^3$	



(a)

$$\bar{M}_{ik}^0 = -\frac{q_0 L^2}{8}$$

$$\bar{Q}_{ik}^0 = \frac{5q_0 L}{8}, \quad \bar{Q}_{ki}^0 = -\frac{3q_0 L}{8}$$



(b)

$$\bar{M}_{ik}^0 = -\frac{3FL}{16}$$

$$\bar{Q}_{ik}^0 = \frac{11}{16}F, \quad \bar{Q}_{ki}^0 = -\frac{5}{16}F$$